Cost of Capital in the Current Environment

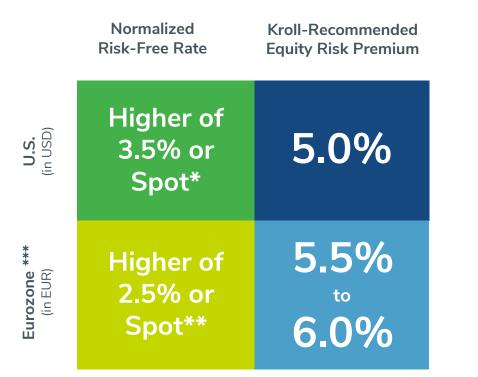
June 2024 Update

Global economic growth in 2024 is continuing to show signs of resilience, despite the overhang of restrictive monetary policies. Economists are now expecting a soft landing for the global economy, even though real growth is expected to moderate in major emerging markets such as China and Brazil. In contrast, the UK experienced a technical recession at the end of 2023 and the Eurozone narrowly escaped one. Signs of a modest recovery are now surfacing in these economies and expectations of rate cuts are helping investor sentiment. Inflation has decelerated significantly, at a faster pace than many anticipated, with ECB policy rate cuts projected to start in mid-2024, followed by the Bank of England in the summer. In the U.S., while growth has been surprisingly resilient, inflation has been "stickier" than in Europe, leading expectations for Fed rate cuts to be pushed further out to the end of the year and into 2025. Despite the prospect of higher-for-longer interest rates, the promise of significant productivity gains from generative artificial intelligence has buoyed U.S. stock markets to new record highs. From a geopolitical standpoint, it is worth noting that 2024 is a year of presidential/parliamentary elections in many countries around the globe, including but not limited to India, the UK and the U.S., which could give rise to unexpected instability as the year progresses.

Carla S. Nunes, CFA – Managing Director, Valuation Digital Solutions/Office of Professional Practice, Kroll

Kroll Cost of Capital Inputs

Data as of June 5. 2024

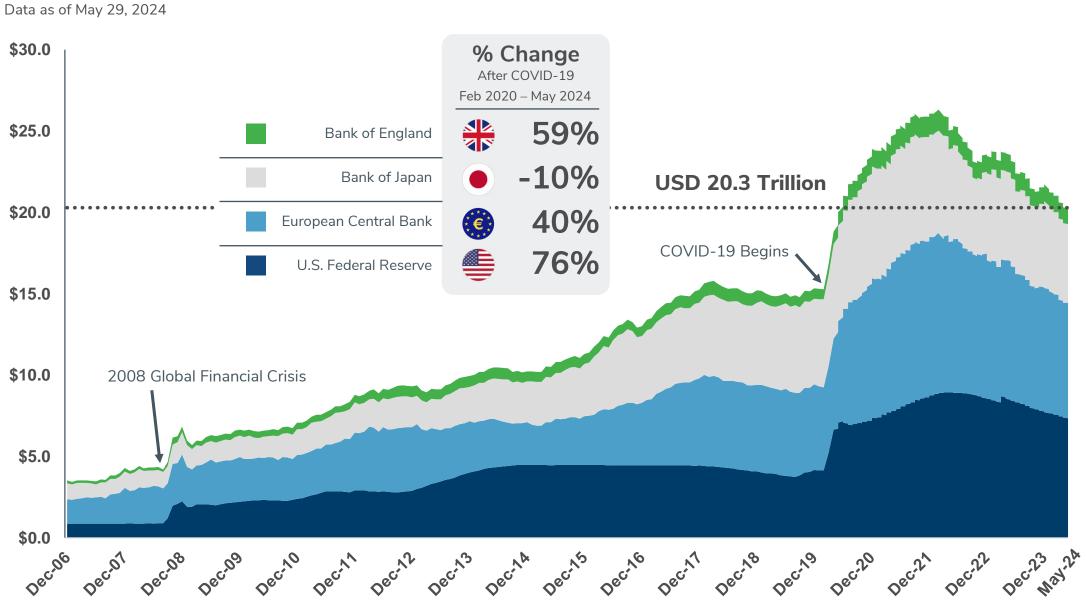


We recommend using the spot 20-year U.S. Treasury yield as the proxy for the risk-free rate, if the prevailing yield as of the valuation date is higher than our recommended U.S. normalized risk-free rate of 3.5%. This guidance is effective when developing USD-denominated discount rates as of June 16, 2022, and thereafter.

** We recommend using the spot 15-year German government bond yield as the proxy for the risk-free rate, if the prevailing yield as of the valuation date is higher than our recommended German normalized risk-free rate of 3.0%. This guidance is effective when developing EURdenominated discount rated as of March 31, 2024, and thereafter.

*** German normalized risk-free rate and Eurozone equity risk premium (ERP) for use in EURdenominated discount rates from a German investor perspective. Our current ERF recommendation is at the bottom of the range. Additional country risk adjustments may be warranted when estimating discount rates for other countries in the Eurozone

Total Assets Held by Major Central Banks Over Time



Year-to-Date 2024

5.9%

5.3%

CAC 40 France

5.3%

CSI 300 China

4.9%

S&P TSX Canada

3.1%

BSE Sensex India

1.0%

**

S&P/ASX 200 Australia

IBOVESF Brazil

-8.4%

9.0%

6%

Europe 600 Europe

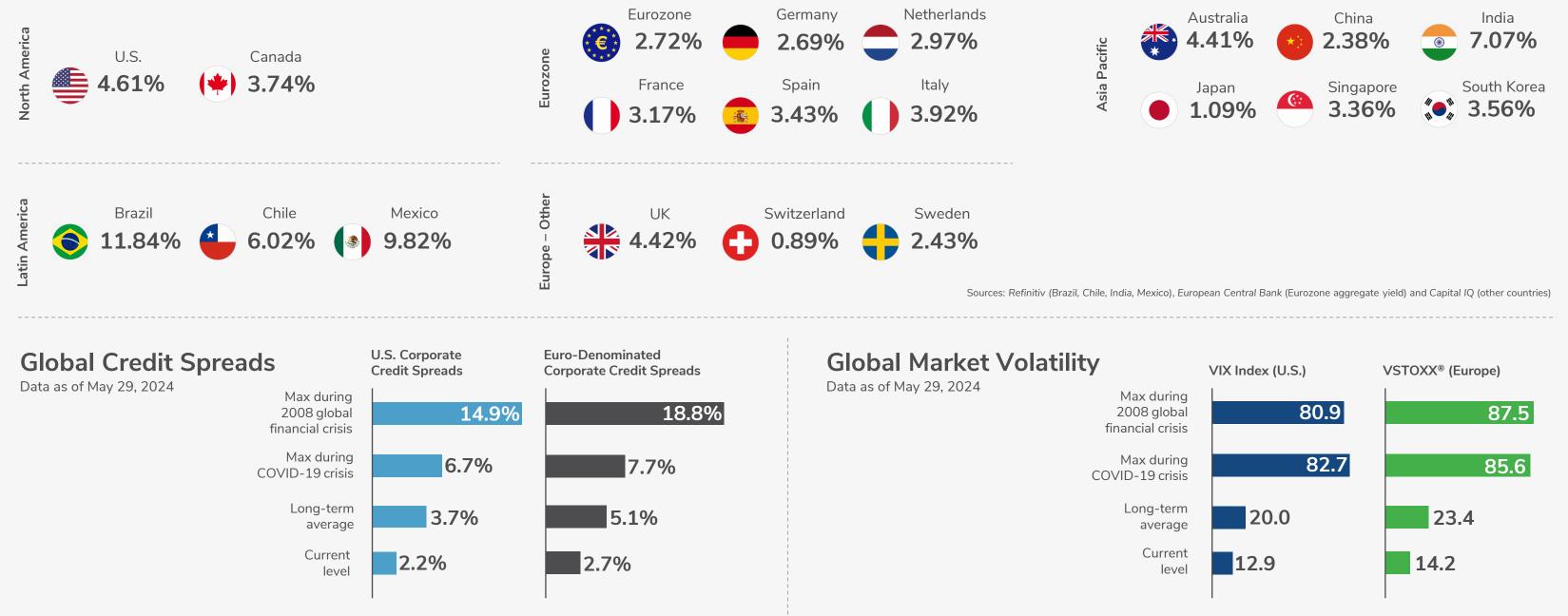
STOXX

MSCI ACWI

FTSE 100

Global 10-Year Government Bond Yields

Data as of May 29, 2024



Sources: FRED® Economic Data, Bloomberg

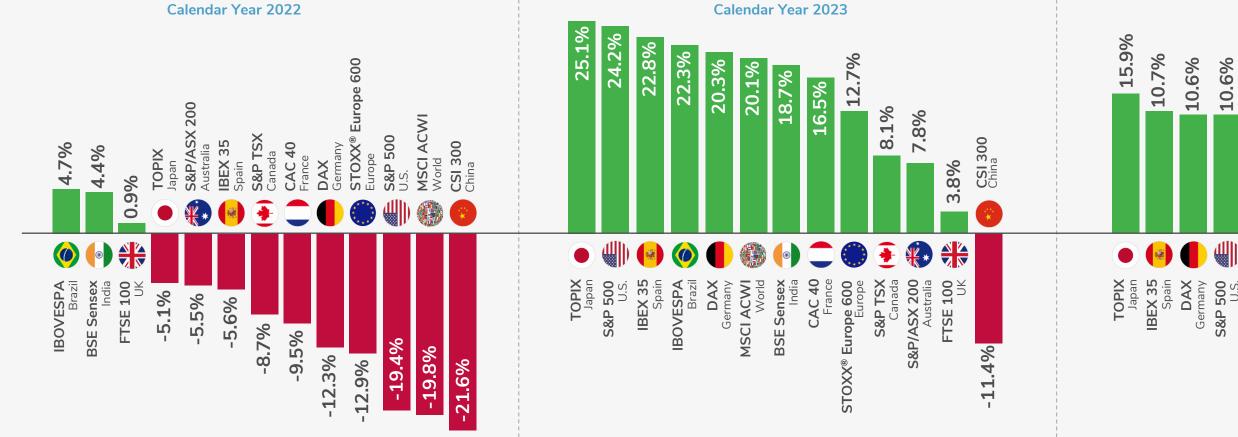
U.S. corporate credit spreads are based on the difference in effective yields between the ICE BofA U.S. High Yield Index and the ICE BofA U.S. Corporate Index. Euro-denominated corporate credit spreads are based on the difference in effective yields between the Bloomberg Pan-European High Yield Index (EUR) and the Bloomberg Euro Aggregate Corporate Bond Index. Long-term averages are based on 1996 to present for U.S. credit spread daily series, and 1998 to present for EUR-denominated credit spread monthly series.

Source: Capital IQ

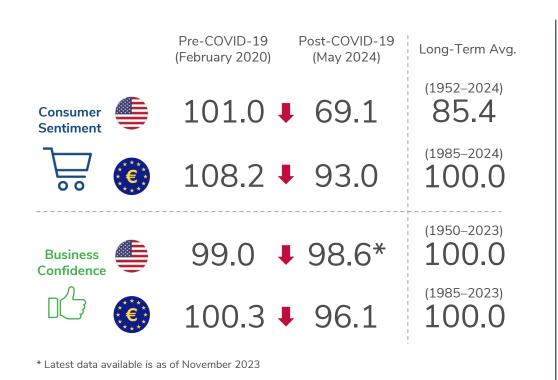
Long-term averages are based on 1995 to present for VIX daily series, 1999 to present for VSTOXX daily series.







U.S. and Eurozone Consumer Sentiment vs. Business Confidence Data as of May 29, 2024



Sources: Michigan University's Index of Consumer Sentiment, OECD's Business Confidence Index and European Commission business and consumer surveys [The same methodology that the European Commission uses to standardize its Economic Sentiment Indicator (ESI) was applied to the Eurozone Consumer Confidence and Business Climate Indicator series.] Business Confidence for the U.S. as of November 2023, since OECD has temporarily stopped updating the series.

U.S. vs. Eurozone Unemployment Rate Data as of May 29, 2024

2020 4.4% 0 7.2% March 11.0% 8.1% \bigcirc June 7.8% 8.6% ()September 6.7% 8.2% \bigcirc December 2021 6.1% 8.2% March

Long-Term Inflation Expectations and Real GDP Growth (Median) Data as of May 29, 2024

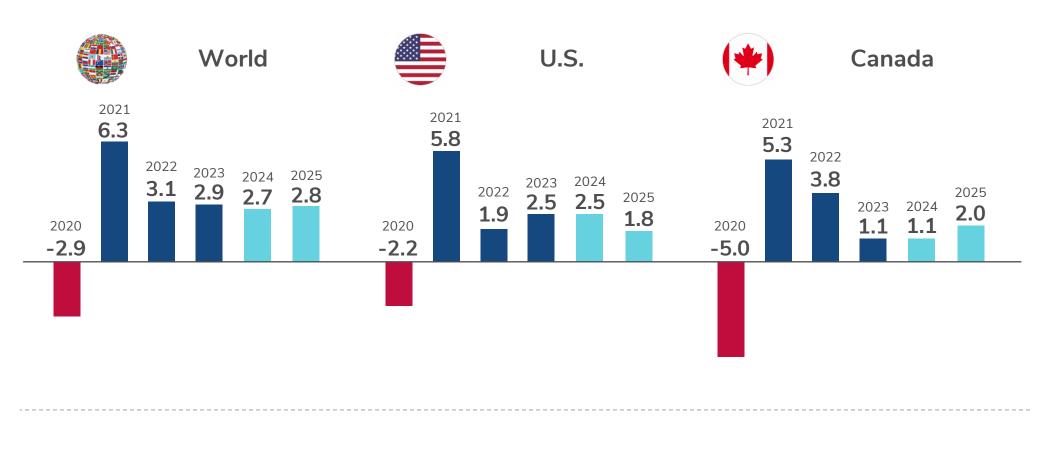


Sources of underlying U.S. data: 1) Real GDP growth data was sourced from Blue Chip Economic Indicators, Blue Chip Financial Forecasts, Consensus Economics, S&P Global Market Intelligence (formerly IHS Markit), Federal Reserve Bank of Philadelphia (Livingston Survey, and Survey of Professional Forecasters), and Oxford Economics. 2) Inflation expectations relied on the sources already listed under real GDP growth data, as well as data from the Federal Reserve Bank of Cleveland, the Federal Reserve Bank of Philadelphia (Aruoba Term Structure of Inflation Expectations), and the University of Michigan's Surveys of Consumers Inflation Expectations.

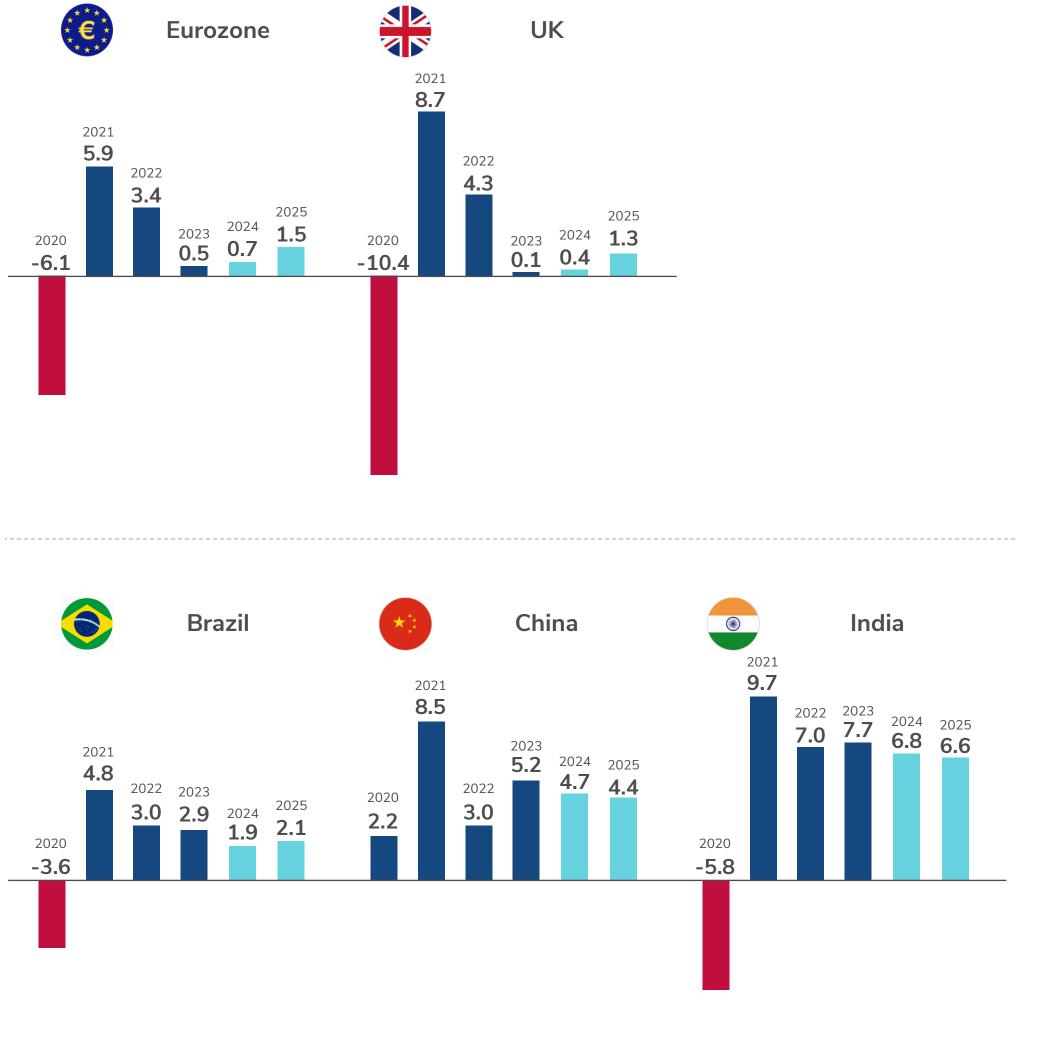
Sources of underlying German real GDP growth and inflation data: Consensus Economics, Economist Intelligence Unit, S&P Global Market Intelligence (formerly IHS Markit), International Monetary Fund, Oxford Economics and PwC.

Real GDP Growth (%) Estimates (Median)

Data as of May 21, 2024



June	5.9%	0	7.9%
September	4.7%	0	7.4%
December	3.9%	0	7.0%
2022			
March	3.6%	0	6.8%
June	3.6%	0	6.8%
September	3.5%	0	6.7%
December	3.5%	0	6.7%
2023			
March	3.5%	0	6.5%
June	3.6%	0	6.5%
September	3.8%	0	6.5%
December	3.7%	0	6.5%
2024			
March	3.8%	0	6.5%
Latest Available*	3.9%		6.4%



Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics and Eurostat

* Data through April 2024

Sources: OECD, International Monetary Fund, World Bank, Blue Chip Economic Indicators, Consensus Economics, Economic Intelligence Unit, Fitch Ratings, S&P Global Market Intelligence (formerly IHS Markit), Moody's Analytics, Oxford Economics and S&P Global Ratings. Some sources did not have data available for all countries and regions.

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