

# Industry Multiples in Latin America

Ninth Edition Q4 2024

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#### **Foreword**



**Javier Zoido** 

Managing Director Latin America and Iberia Valuation Advisory Services Leader

We are pleased to launch the ninth edition of our Industry Multiples in Latin America (LATAM) quarterly report. This report provides valuable insights into trading multiples for various key industries in LATAM as of December 31, 2024. Our analysis uses publicly traded companies in Latin America, distributed among several different industries and sectors, following the definitions by the Global Industry Classification Standard.

According to the World Bank (WB) in its Global Economic Prospects report, real growth in Latin America and the Caribbean is forecasted to increase from an estimated 2.2% in 2024 to 2.5% in 2025.¹ Recovery in Argentina, following two years of economic contraction will be a key driver for the region's expected improvement in regional growth. Other major economies are expected to experience slower growth rates, as consumption and investment weaken. In Brazil, growth is expected to moderate from 3.2% in 2024 to 2.2% in 2025 and 2.3% in 2026, partly due to a still-restrictive monetary policy and limited fiscal space. An inflation resurgence in Brazil led the central bank to reverse its policy and hike policy interest rates. As inflation is projected to remain near the upper end of the central bank's target range in 2025, interest rates are likely to remain high. In Mexico, growth is forecasted to remain subdued, slowing to 1.5% in 2025 and ticking up to 1.6% in 2026, as continued fiscal consolidation efforts and tight monetary policy weigh on consumption and investment.

According to the WB, inflation in the region has been generally more persistent than expected. Food inflation rebounded in 2024, although it remained significantly lower than in 2022. In Brazil and Mexico, inflation stayed at the upper limits of the central banks' target ranges, whereas Argentina has been an outlier, with its 12-month consumer price inflation rate peaking at nearly 300% early last year and remaining above 100% by the end of the year, partly due to currency depreciation and adjustments to regulated prices. However, prospects for Argentina have improved markedly, as market-driven policy changes are expected to support a continued decline in inflation and a significant growth recovery.

In general, the WB identified heightened policy uncertainty and adverse trade policy shifts as key downside risks to the global economy, with Latin America also being impacted. The new U.S. administration's threats of universal tariffs would impact Mexico in particular but also affect certain countries in the Caribbean and Central America. Additional restrictions on migration would also impact the region, by decreasing a meaningful source of income - remittances from U.S. immigrants back to their home countries.

#### Foreword (cont'd)

In 2024, the S&P 500 and the STOXX® Europe 600 ("STOXX Europe 600") indices increased by approximately 23% and 6%, respectively, while the STOXX® Latin America Total Market Index ("STOXX LATAM TMI") decreased by approximately 20%.<sup>2</sup>

In terms of EV/EBITDA, in 2024, multiples have generally decreased across all sectors, except for capital goods and commercial and professional services companies. Some notable changes were observed. For example, for real estate companies, the median multiple decreased in 2024 to 9.1x from 15.4x at the end of 2023. For healthcare companies, the median multiple decreased in 2024 to 6.4x from 9.7x at the end of 2023.

Our report provides a detailed overview of the EV/revenues, EV/EBITDA, P/E and P/B multiples of publicly traded companies in LATAM covering nonfinancial industries and market capitalization/revenues, P/TBV, and P/E and P/B multiples covering financial industries for which such data is available. We also provide an eight-quarter lookback at the trends of these multiples for the industries covered.

We hope you find this report helpful in understanding the range of trading multiples for major industries in LATAM. If you would like to receive further information or discuss any of the findings, please contact us.

## **Summary: Median Multiples by Sector/Industry Groups**

Sector/Industry Group	EV/Revenues	EV/EBITDA	P/E	P/B
Communication Services	1.6x	3.9x	11.0x	1.0x
Consumer Discretionary	0.9x	5.5x	7.7x	0.8x
Consumer Durables and Apparel	0.9x	6.3x	6.3x	1.0x
Consumer Services	1.0x	4.4x	10.4x	0.8x
Consumer Discretionary Distribution and Retail <sup>1</sup>	0.7x	6.3x	9.8x	0.9x
Consumer Staples	0.8x	6.8x	13.0x	1.5x
Consumer Staples Distribution and Retail <sup>1</sup>	0.6x	8.2x	14.6x	1.3x
Food, Beverage and Tobacco	1.1x	6.4x	12.4x	1.7x
Energy	1.6x	5.4x	8.0x	1.5x
Health Care	1.2x	6.4x	13.8x	0.6x
Industrials	1.3x	6.6x	9.6x	1.4x
Capital Goods	1.0x	6.4x	9.6x	1.2x
Transportation	0.9x	8.5x	14.1x	1.7x
Information Technology	1.9x	5.8x	12.7x	1.6x
Materials	0.9x	5.7x	8.0x	0.7x
Real Estate	1.0x	5.1x	9.0x	0.9x
Utilities	4.4x	9.0x	8.9x	0.8x
Electric, Gas and Water Utilities <sup>2</sup>	2.7x	6.8x	9.1x	1.0x

Financials Sector/Industry Group	Market Capitalization /Revenues	P/TBV	P/E	P/B
Financials	2.2x	1.5x	7.6x	1.4x
Banks	2.2x	1.3x	7.3x	1.2x

<sup>1</sup> Reflects revisions to the GICS structure that took effect on March 17, 2023. Comparisons to prior periods may not be meaningful due to the shifting composition of the structure. For more information, see https://www.msci.com/our-solutions/indexes/gics.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> According to GICS nomenclature, this is classified as "Industry," which is one level below "Industry Group."

## Country Snapshot: Argentina 💿

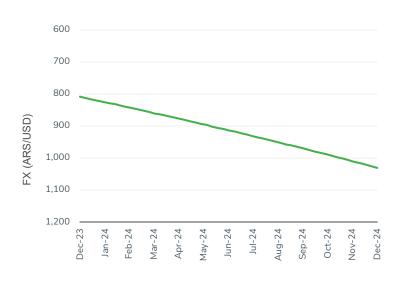
The MERVAL index is a price-weighted index, calculated as the market value of a portfolio of stocks selected based on their market share, number of transactions and quotation price. It is typically used as the benchmark stock market index in Argentina.

In 2024, MERVAL increased by 105% (in price terms, converted to USD), 1 compared to a 20% decrease in the STOXX LATAM TMI, a 23% increase in the S&P 500 and a 6% increase in the STOXX Europe 600. Argentinean real GDP is expected to have contracted by 2.8% in 2024 and to grow 5.0% in 2025, according to the World Bank's Global Economic Prospects report (January 2025). The Argentinean peso has depreciated by 22% in 2024.

#### **MERVAL Spotlight**

#### Historical Evolution: MERVAL, S&P 500, STOXX Europe 600 and STOXX LATAM TMI<sup>2</sup>







<sup>1</sup> Based on a translation of the local stock market index level into USD. The resulting translated index is then used to calculate price returns in USD. Official index providers may use a different method to compute index returns in different currencies.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> MERVAL, S&P 500 and STOXX LATAM TMI evolution in USD, STOXX Europe 600 evolution in EUR. Sources: Capital IQ; World Bank—Global Economic Prospects (January 2025); Kroll analysis.

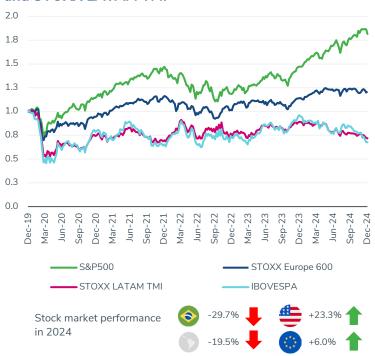
## Country Snapshot: Brazil 💿

The IBOVESPA is the main performance indicator of the stocks traded in the Brazilian stock market and lists major companies in the Brazilian capital market. It is typically used as the benchmark stock market index in Brazil.

In 2024, the IBOVESPA decreased by 30% (in price terms, converted to USD). 1 Brazilian real GDP is expected to have grown 3.2% in 2024 and to grow 2.2% 2025, according to the World Bank's Global Economic Prospects report (January 2025). The Brazilian real has depreciated against the U.S. dollar by 22% in 2024.

#### **IBOVESPA Spotlight**

#### 5Y Evolution: IBOVESPA, S&P 500, STOXX Europe 600 and STOXX LATAM TMI<sup>2</sup>





<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Based on a translation of the local stock market index level into USD. The resulting translated index is then used to calculate price returns in USD. Official index providers may use a different method to compute index returns in different currencies.







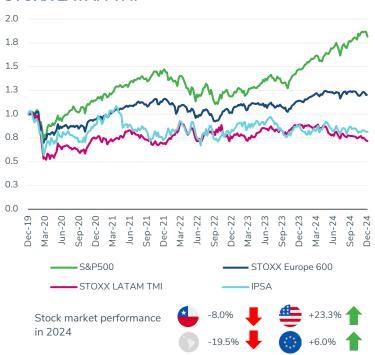
## Country Snapshot: Chile 4

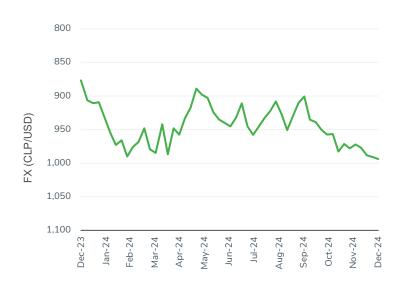
The IPSA measures the price variations of the largest and most liquid Chilean issuers listed on the Santiago Stock Exchange. It is typically used as the benchmark stock market index in Chile.

In 2024, the IPSA decreased by 8% (in price terms, converted to USD). Chilean real GDP is expected to have grown 2.4% in 2024 and to grow 2.2% in 2025, according to the World Bank's Global Economic Prospects report (January 2025). The Chilean peso has depreciated against the U.S. dollar by 12% in 2024.

#### **IPSA Spotlight**

#### 5Y Evolution: IPSA, S&P 500, STOXX Europe 600 and STOXX LATAM TMI<sup>2</sup>





<sup>1</sup> Based on a translation of the local stock market index level into USD. The resulting translated index is then used to calculate price returns in USD. Official index providers may use a different method to compute index returns in different currencies.



## Country Snapshot: Colombia 🕳

The MSCI COLCAP index is the main reference of the Colombian stock market and is made up of 20 issuers and the 25 most liquid stocks in the market, weighting the stocks by adjusted market capitalization with no participation limit. It is typically used as the benchmark stock market index in Colombia.

In 2024, the MSCI COLCAP increased by 1% (in price terms, converted to USD).¹ Colombian real GDP is expected to have grown 1.7% in 2024 and to grow 3.0% in 2025, according to the World Bank's *Global Economic Prospects* report (January 2025). The Colombian peso has depreciated against the U.S. dollar by 12% in 2024.

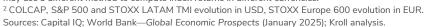
#### MSCI COLCAP Spotlight

## 5Y Evolution: MSCI COLCAP, S&P 500, STOXX Europe 600 and STOXX LATAM TMI<sup>2</sup>





<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Based on a translation of the local stock market index level into USD. The resulting translated index is then used to calculate price returns in USD. Official index providers may use a different method to compute index returns in different currencies.





## Country Snapshot: Mexico

The S&P BMV IPC index is a modified capitalization-weighted index subject to diversification requirements, traded on the Mexican stock exchange. It is typically used as the benchmark stock market index in Mexico.

In 2024, the S&P BMV IPC decreased by 30% (in price terms, converted to USD).¹ Mexican real GDP is expected to have grown 1.7% in 2024 and to grow 1.5% in 2025, according to the World Bank's Global Economic Prospects report (January 2025). The Mexican peso has depreciated against the U.S. dollar by 19% in 2024.

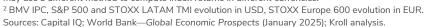
#### **BMV IPC Spotlight**

#### 5Y Evolution: BMV IPC, S&P 500, STOXX Europe 600 and STOXX LATAM TMI<sup>2</sup>





<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Based on a translation of the local stock market index level into USD. The resulting translated index is then used to calculate price returns in USD. Official index providers may use a different method to compute index returns in different currencies.





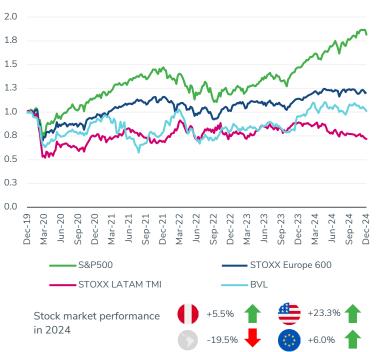
## **Country Snapshot: Peru**

The S&P BVL Peru General Index was designed to be the broad benchmark for the BVL. It is a free-float-adjusted capitalization-weighted index that includes additional liquidity and trading frequency requirements for its constituents. It is typically used as the benchmark stock market index in Peru.

In 2024, the S&P BVL increased by 5% (in price terms, converted to USD).¹ Peruvian real GDP is expected to have grown 3.1% in 2024 and to grow 2.5% in 2025, according to the World Bank's Global Economic Prospects report (January 2025). The Peruvian sol has depreciated against the U.S. dollar by 2% in 2024.

#### **BVL Peru Spotlight**

#### 5Y Evolution: BVL Peru, S&P 500, STOXX Europe 600 and STOXX LATAM TMI<sup>2</sup>





<sup>1</sup> Based on a translation of the local stock market index level into USD. The resulting translated index is then used to calculate price returns in USD. Official index providers may use a different method to compute index returns in different currencies.

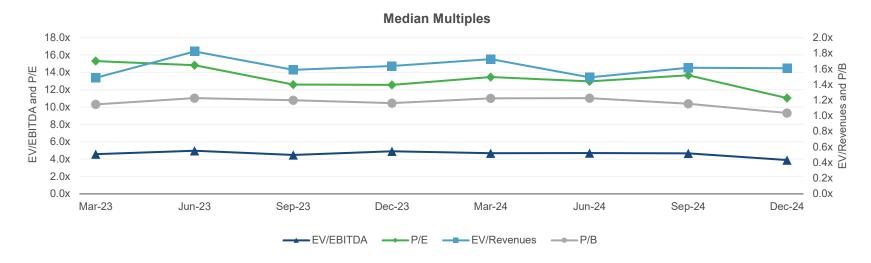




## **Communication Services**

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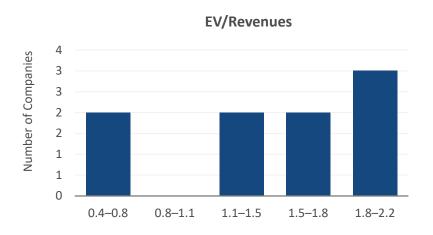
	EV/Revenues	EV/EBITDA	P/E	P/B
Number of Companies	14	14	14	14
Number of Outliers <sup>1</sup>	5	6	6	4
Number of Observations (final) <sup>2</sup>	9	8	8	10
High	2.2x	10.7x	26.2x	2.3x
Third Quartile	1.9x	4.6x	13.4x	1.3x
Mean	1.4x	4.8x	12.8x	1.1x
Median	1.6x	3.9x	11.0x	1.0x
First Quartile	1.2x	3.7x	9.9x	0.8x
Low	0.4x	2.8x	7.1x	0.5x

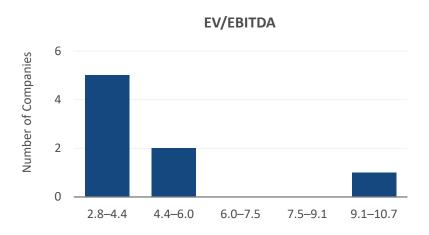


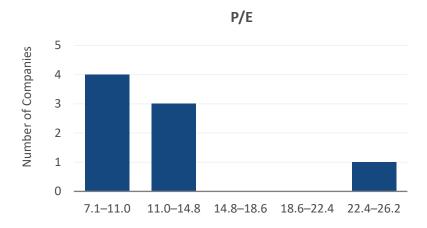
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Outliers have been excluded from the concluded multiples. Please refer to "Criteria" for outlier criteria and definitions.

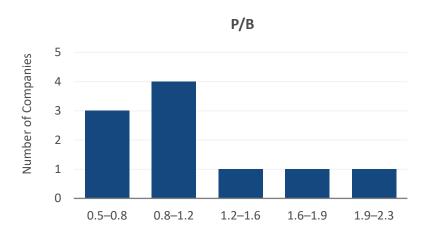
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> A sector/industry group must have a minimum of five company participants to be calculated. Sources: Capital IQ; Bloomberg; Kroll analysis.

## **Communication Services**





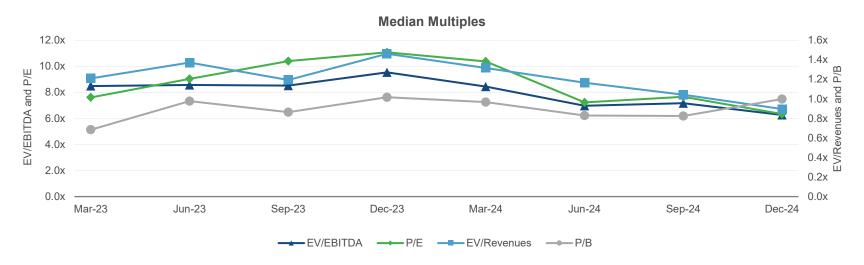




# **Consumer Durables and Apparel**

## **Consumer Durables and Apparel**

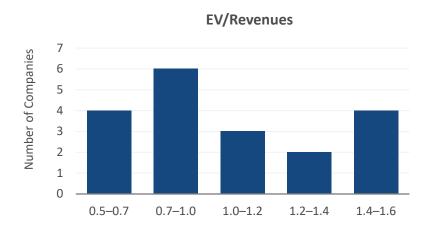
	EV/Revenues	EV/EBITDA	P/E	P/B
Number of Companies	23	23	23	23
Number of Outliers <sup>1</sup>	4	7	7	4
Number of Observations (final) <sup>2</sup>	19	16	16	19
High	1.6x	12.5x	17.5x	2.7x
Third Quartile	1.3x	8.6x	7.9x	1.8x
Mean	1.0x	6.9x	6.9x	1.1x
Median	0.9x	6.3x	6.3x	1.0x
First Quartile	0.7x	4.5x	5.3x	0.5x
Low	0.5x	3.5x	1.8x	0.2x

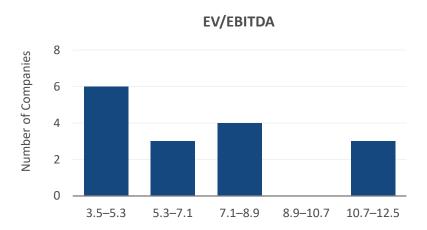


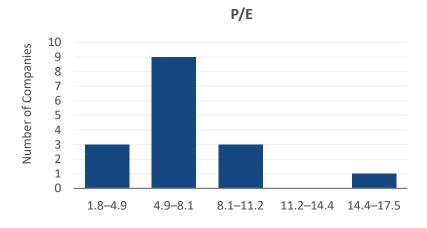
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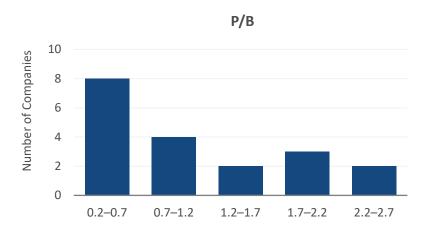
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> A sector/industry group must have a minimum of five company participants to be calculated. Sources: Capital IQ; Bloomberg; Kroll analysis.

## **Consumer Durables and Apparel**





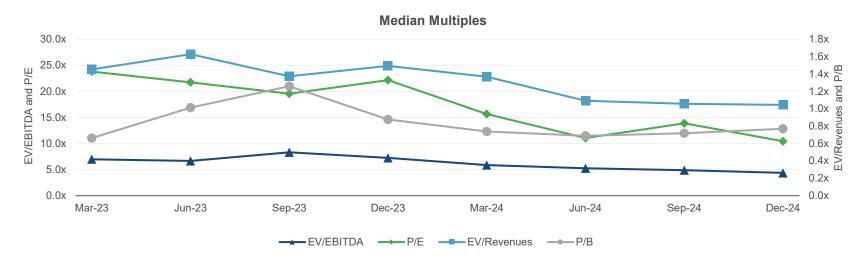




## **Consumer Services**

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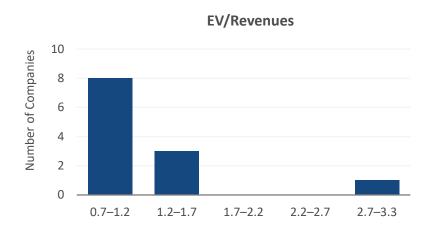
	EV/Revenues	EV/EBITDA	P/E	P/B
Number of Companies	14	14	14	14
Number of Outliers <sup>1</sup>	2	2	7	3
Number of Observations (final) <sup>2</sup>	12	12	7	11
High	3.3x	8.2x	22.2x	3.0x
Third Quartile	1.3x	5.2x	11.9x	1.3x
Mean	1.2x	4.8x	11.7x	1.0x
Median	1.0x	4.4x	10.4x	0.8x
First Quartile	0.8x	3.8x	9.2x	0.4x
Low	0.7x	3.7x	7.1x	0.3x

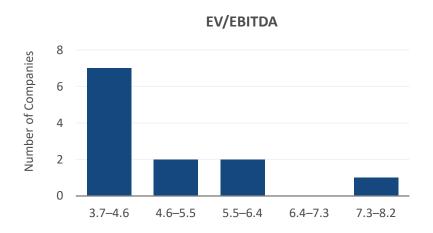


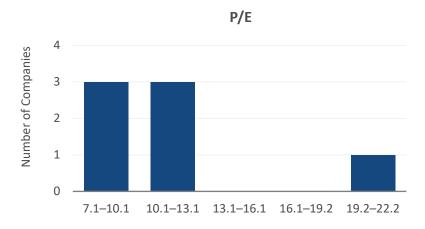
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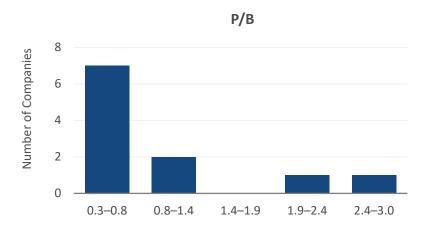
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> A sector/industry group must have a minimum of five company participants to be calculated. Sources: Capital IQ; Bloomberg; Kroll analysis.

## **Consumer Services**





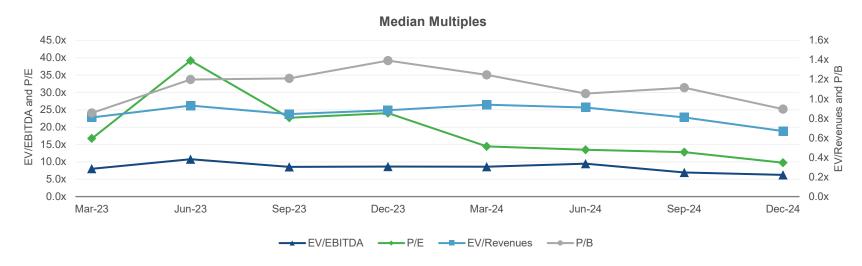




# **Consumer Discretionary Distribution and Retail**

## **Consumer Discretionary Distribution and Retail**

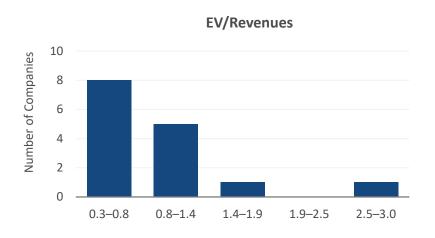
	EV/Revenues	EV/EBITDA	P/E	P/B
Number of Companies	18	18	18	18
Number of Outliers <sup>1</sup>	3	6	8	5
Number of Observations (final) <sup>2</sup>	15	12	10	13
High	3.0x	23.8x	46.4x	7.3x
Third Quartile	1.0x	8.9x	23.1x	1.1x
Mean	0.9x	8.2x	17.1x	1.4x
Median	0.7x	6.3x	9.8x	0.9x
First Quartile	0.5x	5.0x	8.0x	0.5x
Low	0.3x	3.0x	3.2x	0.1x

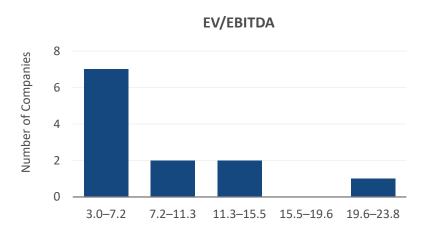


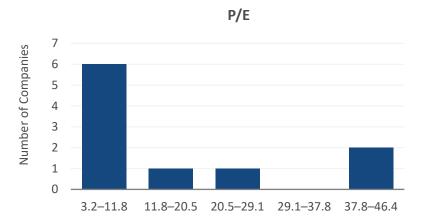
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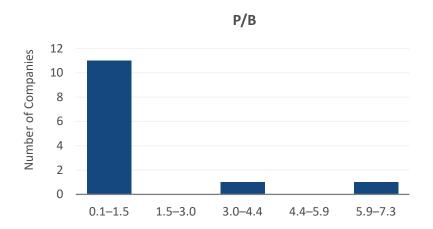
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> A sector/industry group must have a minimum of five company participants to be calculated. Sources: Capital IQ; Bloomberg; Kroll analysis.

## **Consumer Discretionary Distribution and Retail**





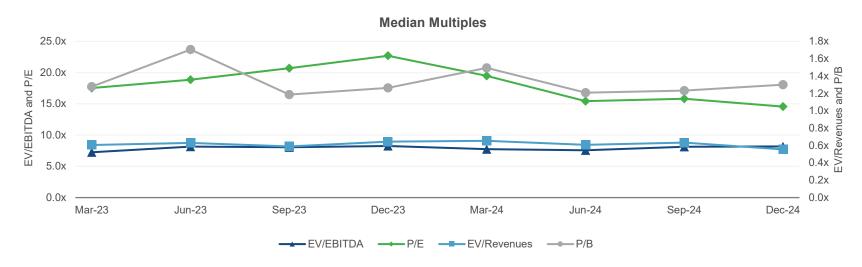




# Consumer Staples Distribution and Retail

## **Consumer Staples Distribution and Retail**

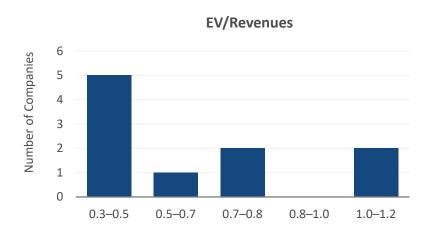
	EV/Revenues	EV/EBITDA	P/E	P/B
Number of Companies	12	12	12	12
Number of Outliers <sup>1</sup>	2	2	3	2
Number of Observations (final) <sup>2</sup>	10	10	9	10
High	1.2x	10.7x	38.5x	5.7x
Third Quartile	0.7x	9.8x	17.9x	2.2x
Mean	0.6x	7.9x	17.9x	1.9x
Median	0.6x	8.2x	14.6x	1.3x
First Quartile	0.4x	6.7x	11.5x	0.8x
Low	0.3x	3.5x	9.7x	0.4x

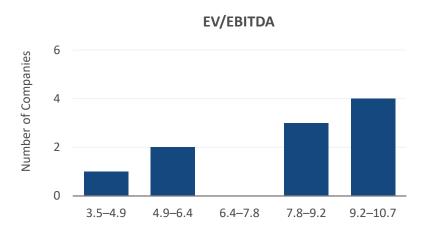


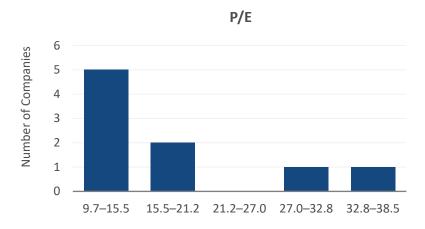
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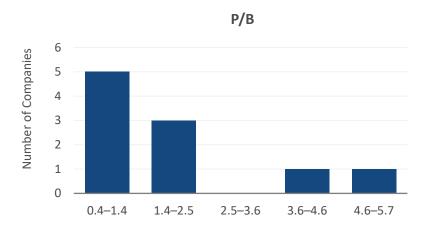
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> A sector/industry group must have a minimum of five company participants to be calculated. Sources: Capital IQ; Bloomberg; Kroll analysis.

## **Consumer Staples Distribution and Retail**





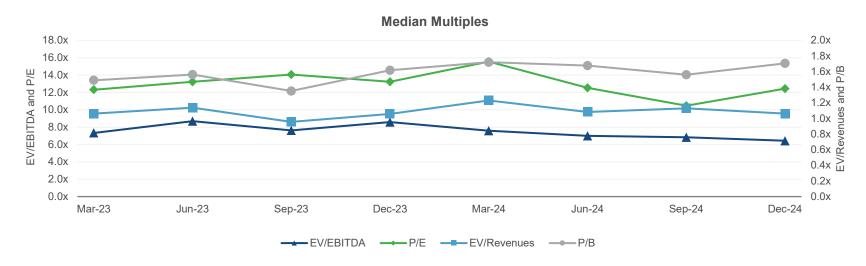




# Food, Beverage and Tobacco

## Food, Beverage and Tobacco

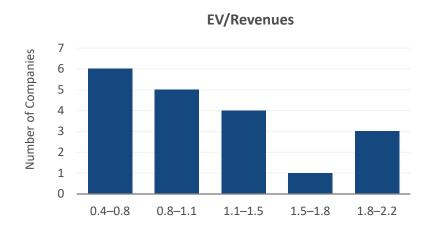
	EV/Revenues	EV/EBITDA	P/E	P/B
Number of Companies	24	24	24	24
Number of Outliers <sup>1</sup>	5	5	7	5
Number of Observations (final) <sup>2</sup>	19	19	17	19
High	2.2x	10.0x	47.7×	4.0x
Third Quartile	1.4x	8.1x	15.5x	2.2x
Mean	1.1x	6.7x	15.5x	1.7x
Median	1.1x	6.4x	12.4x	1.7x
First Quartile	0.6x	5.5x	9.1x	1.0x
Low	0.4x	3.3x	7.9x	0.3x

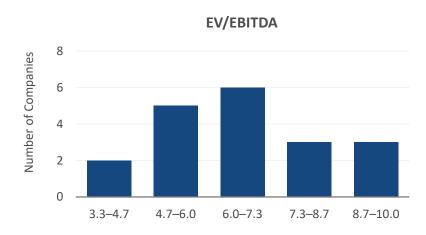


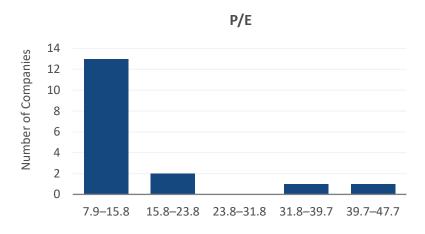
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Outliers have been excluded from the concluded multiples. Please refer to "Criteria" for outlier criteria and definitions.

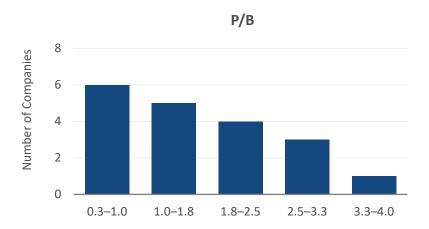
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> A sector/industry group must have a minimum of five company participants to be calculated. Sources: Capital IQ; Bloomberg; Kroll analysis.

## Food, Beverage and Tobacco





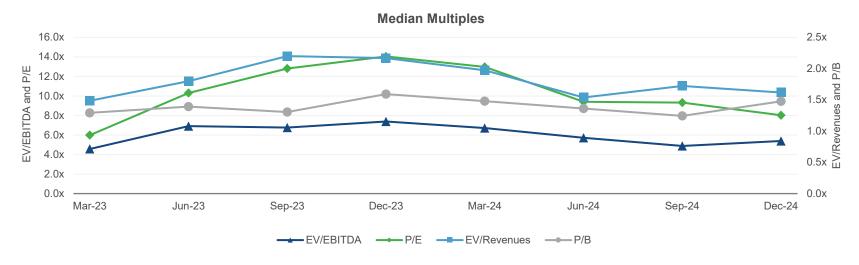




# Energy

## **Energy**

	EV/Revenues	EV/EBITDA	P/E	P/B
Number of Companies	14	14	14	14
Number of Outliers <sup>1</sup>	3	5	5	4
Number of Observations (final) <sup>2</sup>	11	9	9	10
High	8.6x	21.6x	43.0x	2.6x
Third Quartile	2.2x	6.5x	12.2x	1.8x
Mean	2.3x	7.8x	12.3x	1.5x
Median	1.6x	5.4x	8.0x	1.5x
First Quartile	1.5x	4.3x	6.2x	1.1x
Low	0.2x	2.8x	4.5x	0.6x

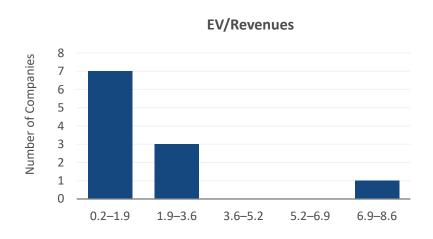


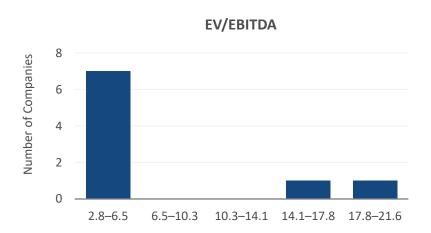
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Outliers have been excluded from the concluded multiples. Please refer to "Criteria" for outlier criteria and definitions.

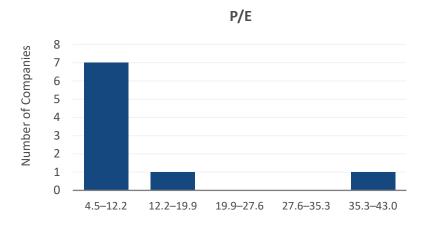
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> A sector/industry group must have a minimum of five company participants to be calculated. Sources: Capital IQ; Bloomberg; Kroll analysis.

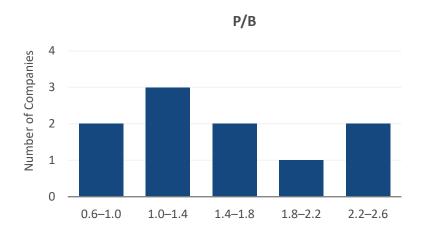


## **Energy**





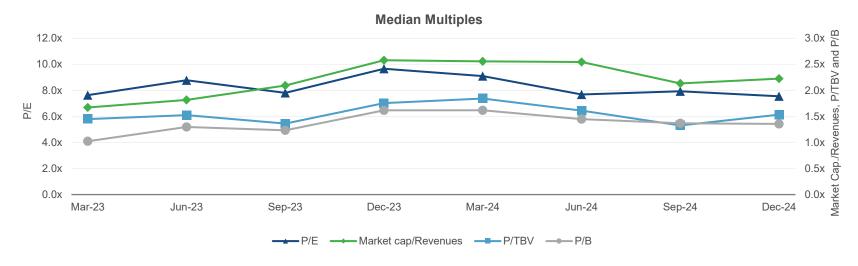




# **Financials**

## **Financials**

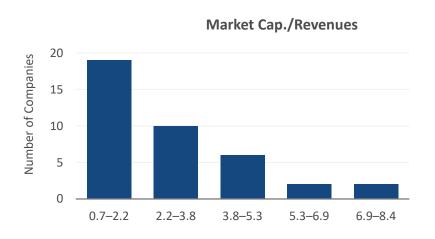
	Market cap/Revenues	P/TBV	P/E	P/B
Number of Companies	45	45	45	45
Number of Outliers <sup>1</sup>	6	9	10	9
Number of Observations (final) <sup>2</sup>	39	36	35	36
High	8.4x	7.3x	35.5x	4.1x
Third Quartile	4.0x	2.2x	12.1x	2.0x
Mean	2.7x	2.1x	10.3x	1.6x
Median	2.2x	1.5x	7.6x	1.4x
First Quartile	1.4x	1.0x	5.7x	1.0x
Low	0.7x	0.7x	3.5x	0.7x

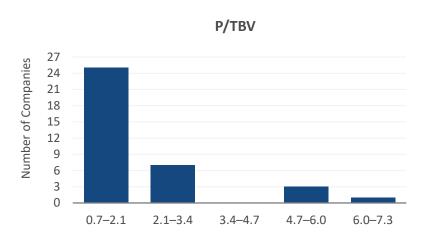


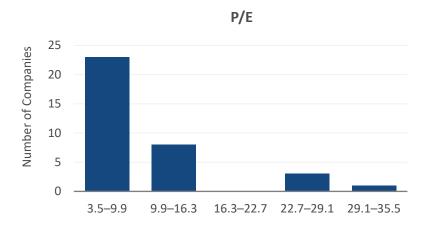
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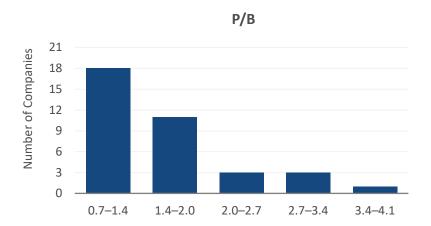
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> A sector/industry group must have a minimum of five company participants to be calculated. Sources: Capital IQ; Bloomberg; Kroll analysis.

## **Financials**





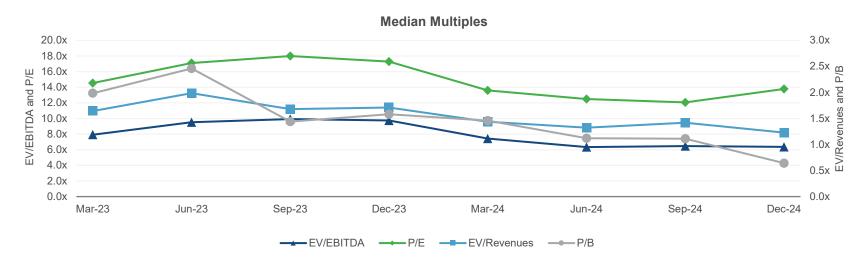




# **Health Care**

### **Health Care**

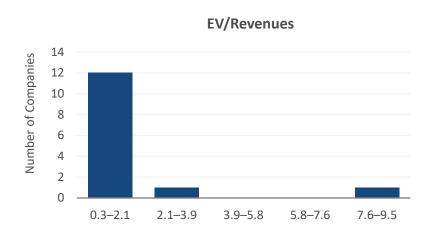
	EV/Revenues	EV/EBITDA	P/E	P/B
Number of Companies	16	16	16	16
Number of Outliers <sup>1</sup>	2	5	12	4
Number of Observations (final) <sup>2</sup>	14	11	4	12
High	9.5x	7.8x	18.2x	4.7x
Third Quartile	1.7x	7.2x	16.9x	1.3x
Mean	1.8x	6.2x	13.3x	1.3x
Median	1.2x	6.4x	13.8x	0.6x
First Quartile	0.9x	5.2x	10.1x	0.4x
Low	0.3x	4.5x	7.4x	0.2x

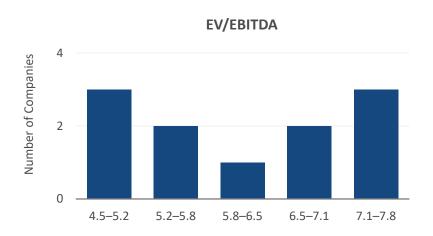


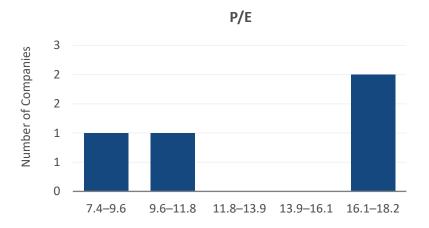
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Outliers have been excluded from the concluded multiples. Please refer to "Criteria" for outlier criteria and definitions.

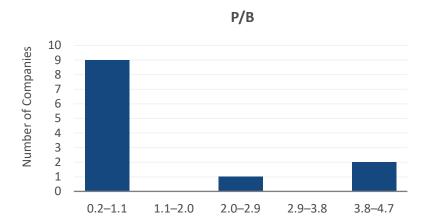
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> A sector/industry group must have a minimum of five company participants to be calculated. Sources: Capital IQ; Bloomberg; Kroll analysis.

### **Health Care**





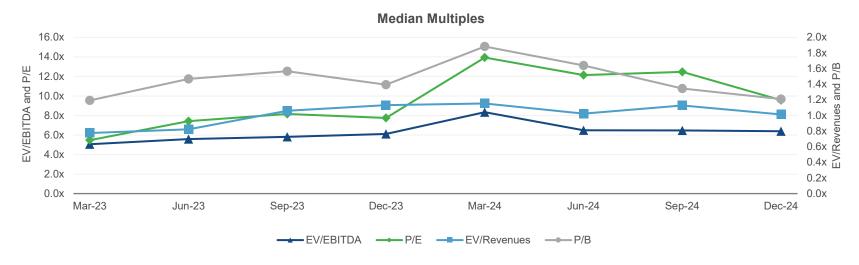




# Capital Goods

## **Capital Goods**

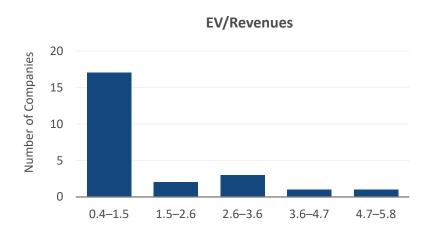
	EV/Revenues	EV/EBITDA	P/E	P/B
Number of Companies	28	28	28	28
Number of Outliers <sup>1</sup>	4	10	11	6
Number of Observations (final) <sup>2</sup>	24	18	17	22
High	5.8x	25.3x	36.7x	6.1x
Third Quartile	2.0x	10.1x	18.5x	2.1x
Mean	1.6x	8.4x	13.8x	1.8x
Median	1.0x	6.4x	9.6x	1.2x
First Quartile	0.7x	5.1x	7.6x	0.7x
Low	0.4x	2.7x	5.2x	0.4x

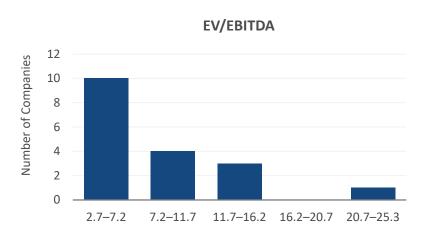


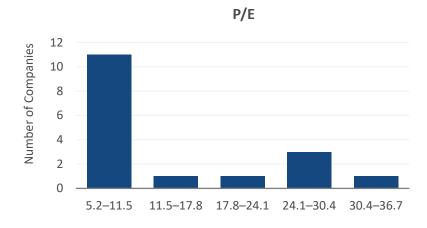
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Outliers have been excluded from the concluded multiples. Please refer to "Criteria" for outlier criteria and definitions.

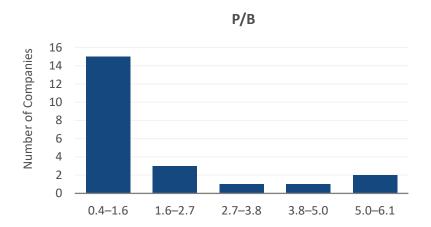
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> A sector/industry group must have a minimum of five company participants to be calculated. Sources: Capital IQ; Bloomberg; Kroll analysis.

### **Capital Goods**





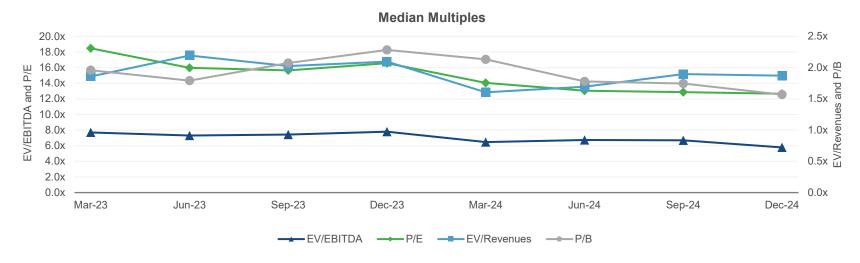




# **Transportation**

## **Transportation**

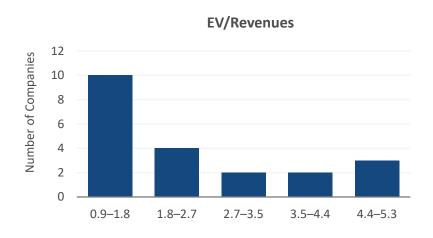
	EV/Revenues	EV/EBITDA	P/E	P/B
Number of Companies	26	26	26	26
Number of Outliers <sup>1</sup>	5	6	9	6
Number of Observations (final) <sup>2</sup>	21	20	17	20
High	5.3x	10.8x	20.1x	9.2x
Third Quartile	3.4x	8.6x	15.3x	2.4x
Mean	2.4x	6.6x	11.4x	2.2x
Median	1.9x	5.8x	12.7x	1.6x
First Quartile	1.2x	4.8x	7.5x	0.9x
Low	0.9x	3.8x	4.3x	0.4x

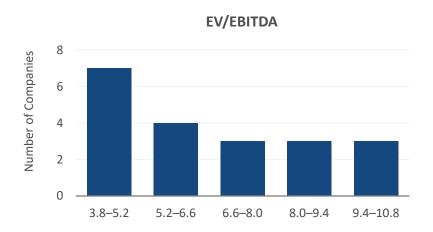


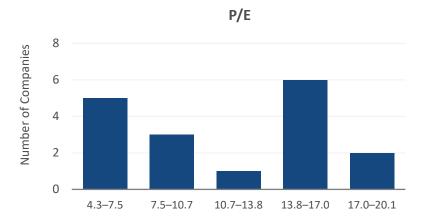
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Outliers have been excluded from the concluded multiples. Please refer to "Criteria" for outlier criteria and definitions.

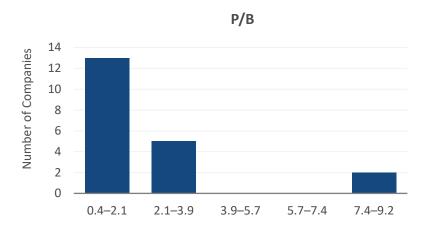
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> A sector/industry group must have a minimum of five company participants to be calculated. Sources: Capital IQ; Bloomberg; Kroll analysis.

## **Transportation**





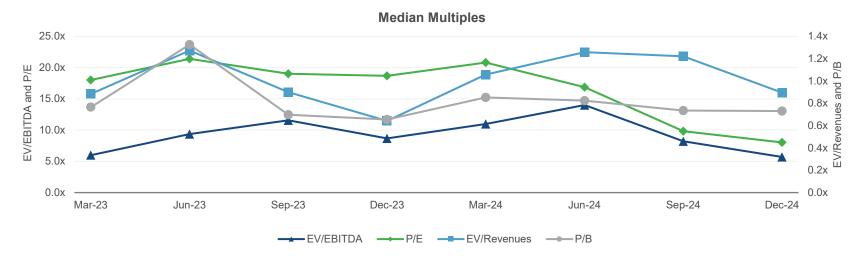




# **Information Technology**

## **Information Technology**

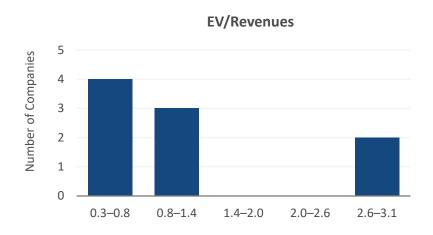
	EV/Revenues	EV/EBITDA	P/E	P/B
Number of Companies	11	11	11	11
Number of Outliers <sup>1</sup>	2	6	7	3
Number of Observations (final) <sup>2</sup>	9	5	4	8
High	3.1x	13.9x	15.6x	2.7x
Third Quartile	1.1x	6.3x	10.2x	1.0x
Mean	1.2x	7.2x	8.6x	1.0x
Median	0.9x	5.7x	8.0x	0.7x
First Quartile	0.4x	5.4x	6.4x	0.6x
Low	0.3x	4.4x	2.8x	0.4x

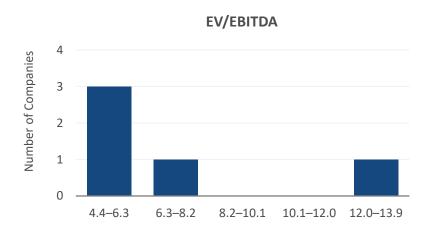


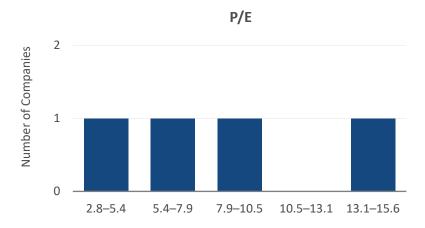
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Outliers have been excluded from the concluded multiples. Please refer to "Criteria" for outlier criteria and definitions.

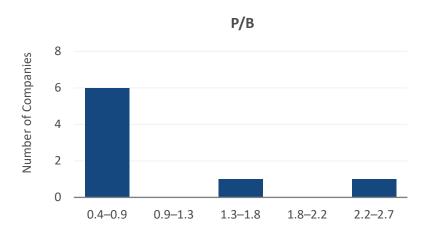
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> A sector/industry group must have a minimum of five company participants to be calculated. Sources: Capital IQ; Bloomberg; Kroll analysis.

### **Information Technology**





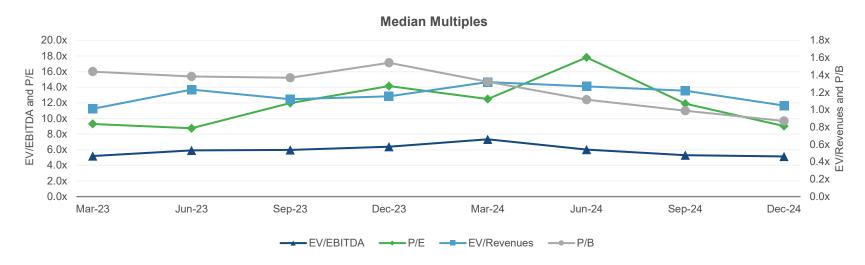




## **Materials**

### **Materials**

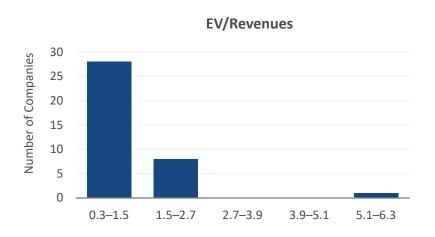
	EV/Revenues	EV/EBITDA	P/E	P/B
Number of Companies	46	46	46	46
Number of Outliers <sup>1</sup>	9	12	21	10
Number of Observations (final) <sup>2</sup>	37	34	25	36
High	6.3x	11.5x	33.1x	3.6x
Third Quartile	1.5x	6.3x	14.3x	1.5x
Mean	1.3x	5.3x	11.1x	1.1x
Median	1.0x	5.1x	9.0x	0.9x
First Quartile	0.7x	4.2x	6.3x	0.6x
Low	0.3x	1.1x	3.5x	0.3x

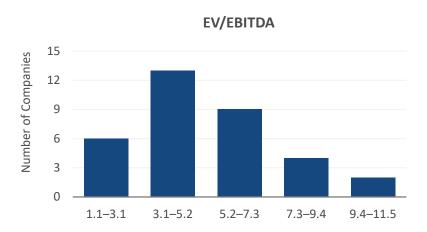


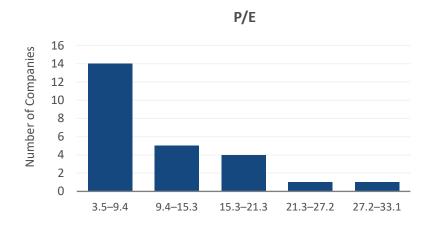
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Outliers have been excluded from the concluded multiples. Please refer to "Criteria" for outlier criteria and definitions.

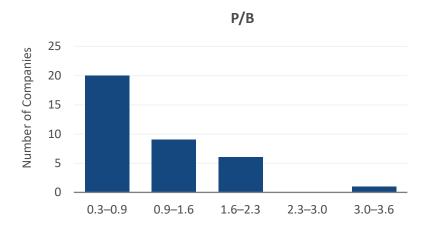
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> A sector/industry group must have a minimum of five company participants to be calculated. Sources: Capital IQ; Bloomberg; Kroll analysis.

### **Materials**





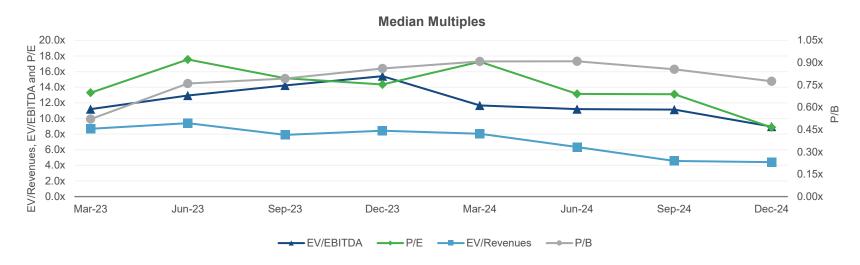




## **Real Estate**

### **Real Estate**

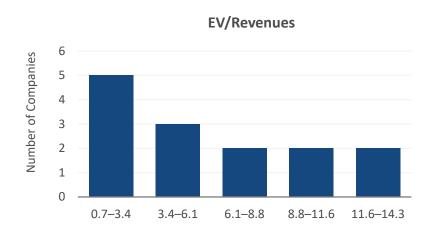
	EV/Revenues	EV/EBITDA	P/E	P/B
Number of Companies	16	16	16	16
Number of Outliers <sup>1</sup>	2	3	5	2
Number of Observations (final) <sup>2</sup>	14	13	11	14
High	14.3x	31.4x	28.2x	1.9x
Third Quartile	9.3x	11.8x	15.0x	1.0x
Mean	5.7x	12.2x	11.4x	0.8x
Median	4.4x	9.0x	8.9x	0.8x
First Quartile	1.3x	7.7x	6.2x	0.5x
Low	0.7x	3.5x	4.4x	0.2x

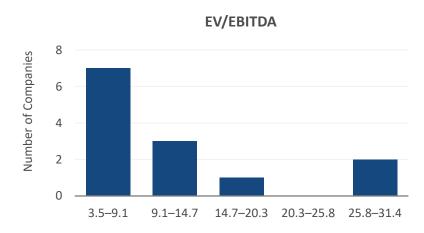


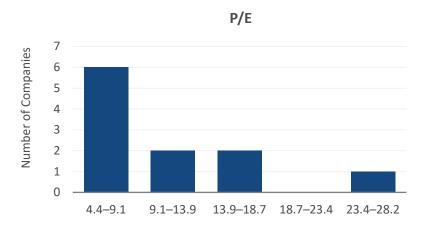
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Outliers have been excluded from the concluded multiples. Please refer to "Criteria" for outlier criteria and definitions.

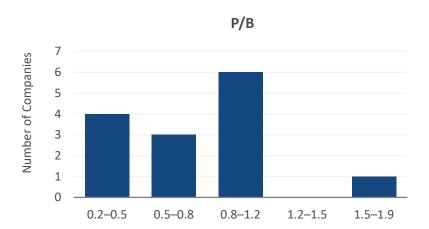
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> A sector/industry group must have a minimum of five company participants to be calculated. Sources: Capital IQ; Bloomberg; Kroll analysis.

### **Real Estate**





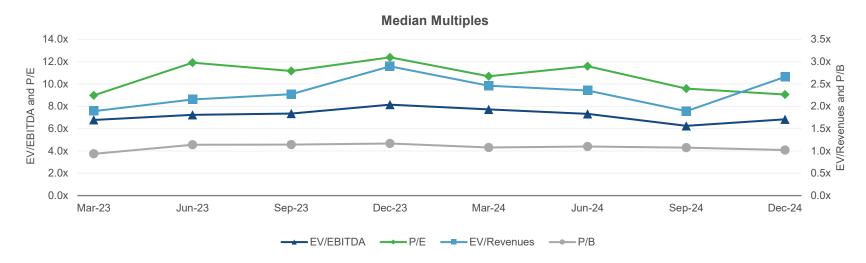




# **Utilities**

### **Utilities**

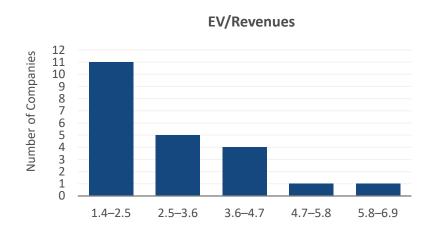
	EV/Revenues	EV/EBITDA	P/E	P/B
Number of Companies	26	26	26	26
Number of Outliers <sup>1</sup>	4	4	7	5
Number of Observations (final) <sup>2</sup>	22	22	19	21
High	6.9x	16.3x	65.0x	2.6x
Third Quartile	3.8x	9.3x	15.8x	1.5x
Mean	3.0x	7.9x	14.8x	1.2x
Median	2.7x	6.8x	9.1x	1.0x
First Quartile	1.9x	5.1x	6.9x	0.8x
Low	1.4x	4.5x	5.0x	0.6x

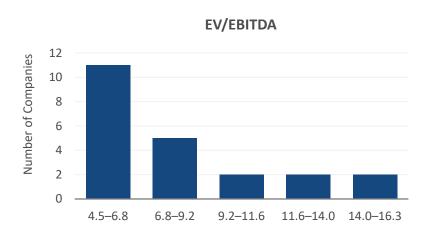


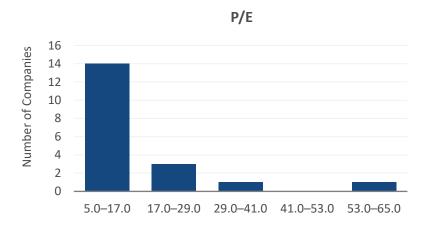
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Outliers have been excluded from the concluded multiples. Please refer to "Criteria" for outlier criteria and definitions.

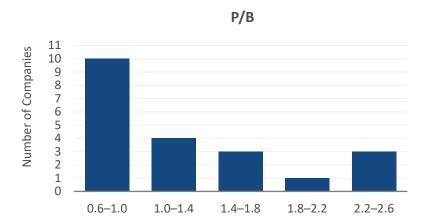
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> A sector/industry group must have a minimum of five company participants to be calculated. Sources: Capital IQ; Bloomberg; Kroll analysis.

### **Utilities**









### **Criteria**

- For all reported multiples, we have considered Latin American companies that were publicly traded as of this report's reference date (data sourced from Capital IQ). Companies were grouped by sectors, industry groups or industries, as defined by the Global Industry Classification Standard, considering that each grouping would have enough constituents and granularity to attain the objective of this report.<sup>1</sup>
- Companies are only considered in the computation of the different multiples if the following criteria are met: market capitalization is above the 10<sup>th</sup> percentile, free float is at least 20%, and average daily volume is above 0.1% of the float (data derived from Capital IQ and Bloomberg databases).
- Observations deemed to be outliers have been excluded from the above analysis. Outlier criteria include: (i) negative multiples, (ii) multiples below the fifth percentile and (iii) multiples above the 95<sup>th</sup> percentile.
- EV = Enterprise Value = Market value of equity plus book value of debt, minority interests, preferred stock, less cash and cash equivalents, loans and notes receivables, and long- and short-term investments.<sup>2</sup> Revenues = Revenue for the latest 12 months. EBITDA = Earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization for the latest 12 months (provided by Capital IQ, adjusted for non-recurring items). P/E = Share price divided by earnings per share on a diluted basis. P/B = Share price/book value per share on a diluted basis where book value per share equals total book value of equity divided by diluted number of shares. P/TBV = Share price/book value minus intangible assets, per share on a diluted basis.
- · Multiples have been computed in companies' filing currencies.
- Capital IQ data was sourced on March 3 2025.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The GICS structure is comprised of 11 sectors, 25 industry groups, 76 industries and 170 sub-industries.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Book value of debt includes lease liabilities.

The industry classification for the companies represented in this report is based on the GICS. A summary of the sectors, as well as a brief description of those relevant industry groups that are part of a particular sector, according to the GICS guidelines, is found below:

Communication Services	
Media and Entertainment	Companies providing advertising, marketing or public relations services. Owners and operators of television or radio broadcasting systems, including programming and services. Publishers of newspapers, magazines and books in print or electronic formats. Companies that engage in producing and selling entertainment products and services, including gaming products and mobile applications.
Telecommunication Services	Providers of primarily cellular or wireless telecommunication services and operators of primarily fixed-line telecommunications networks.
Consumer Discretionary	
Automobiles and Components	Companies related to the production of passenger automobiles and light trucks, motorcycles, scooters or three-wheelers, as well as companies manufacturing parts and components for those vehicles, including tires and rubber.
Consumer Durables and Apparel	Manufacturers of electric household appliances and related products. Includes manufacturers of durable household products, power and hand tools, including garden improvement tools, but excludes TVs and other audio and video products. Manufacturers of apparel, accessories and luxury goods. Includes companies primarily producing designer handbags, wallets, luggage, jewelry and watches and manufacturers of textile and related products.
Consumer Services	Owners and operators of leisure and accommodation activities such as hotels, bars and restaurants, cruise ships, leisure facilities, casinos and gaming facilities, among others.
Consumer Discretionary Distribution and Retail	Companies involved in owning and operating department stores, general merchandise stores and specialty stores. It also includes distributors and wholesalers of general merchandise and online retailers.

Consumer Staples	
Consumer Staples Distribution and Retail	Owners and operators of food and drug retail stores, pharmacies, hypermarkets and supercenters selling food and a wide-range of consumer staple products. Distributors of food products to other companies and not directly to the consumer.
Food, Beverage and Tobacco	Producers of beer and malt liquors, distillers, vintners, producers of alcoholic and non-alcoholic beverages, including mineral waters. Producers of agricultural products and producers of packaged foods, including dairy products, fruit juices, meats, poultry, fish and pet foods. Manufacturers of cigarettes and other tobacco products.
Household and Personal Products	Producers of non-durable household products, including detergents, soaps, diapers and other tissue and household paper products not included elsewhere. Manufacturers of personal and beauty care products, including cosmetics and perfumes.
Energy	
Energy	Companies engaged in exploration and production, refining and marketing, and storage and transportation of oil, gas, coal and consumable fuels. It also includes companies that offer oil and gas equipment and services.
Financials	
Banks	Commercial banks whose revenues are derived primarily from conventional banking operations, have significant business activity in retail banking and small and medium corporate lending, and provide a diverse range of financial services. This also includes regional banks that tend to operate in limited geographic regions and excludes investment banks.
Financial Services	Financial exchanges for securities, commodities, derivatives and other financial instruments, and providers of financial decision support tools and products including ratings agencies. Providers of a diverse range of financial services and/or with some interest in a wide range of financial services including banking, insurance, and capital markets, but with no dominant business line.
Consumer Finance	Providers of consumer finance services, including personal credit, credit cards, lease financing, travel-related money services and pawn shops.

Financials (cont.)	
Capital Markets	Financial institutions primarily engaged in diversified capital markets activities, including a significant presence in at least two of the following areas: large/major corporate lending, investment banking, brokerage and asset management. Includes financial exchanges for securities, commodities, derivatives and other financial instruments.
Insurance	Companies providing insurance and reinsurance services of any kind as well as insurance and reinsurance brokerage firms.
Health Care	
Health Care Equipment and Services	Companies including health care providers and services, companies that manufacture and distribute health care equipment and supplies and health care technology companies.
Pharmaceuticals, Biotechnology and Life Sciences	Companies involved in the research, development, production and marketing of pharmaceuticals and biotechnology products.
Industrials	
Capital Goods	Companies related to the manufacturing or distribution of goods. The sector is diverse, containing companies that manufacture machinery used to create capital goods, electrical equipment, aerospace and defense, engineering, and construction projects.
Commercial and Professional Services	Companies involved in supporting businesses with specialized skills such as human capital management, research and consulting services, office services, security and protection services, environmental and maintenance services.
Transportation	Companies involved in providing mainly goods and passenger transportation through air, sea or land. Companies owning and operating the infrastructures needed for transportation, such as airports, ports, rail tracks or roads.

Information Technology	
Semiconductors and Semiconductor Equipment	Manufacturers of semiconductors, semiconductor equipment and related products, including manufacturers of solar modules and cells and manufacturers of the raw material and equipment used in the solar power industry.
Software and Services	Companies offering software and information technology services and infrastructure for the internet, including data centers, cloud networking and storage infrastructure.
Technology Hardware and Equipment	Companies involved in manufacturing communication equipment, cellular phones, personal computers, computer components, peripherals, electronic equipment and components and technology distributors.
Materials	
Materials	Companies that manufacture chemicals, construction materials, glass, paper, forest products and related packaging products, and metals, minerals and mining companies, including producers of steel.
Real Estate	
Real Estate	Companies engaged in real estate development and operation. It also includes companies offering real estate-related services and Equity Real Estate Investment Trusts (REITs).
Utilities	
Electric, Gas and Water Utilities	Companies involved in producing or distributing electricity, in the distribution of gas, in redistributing water to the end-consumer, and utility companies with significantly diversified activities in addition to core electric utility, gas utility and/or water utility operations.
Independent Power and Renewable Electricity Producers	Independent power producers and energy traders and companies that engage in generation and distribution of electricity using renewable sources.



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